

Topic: The Titanic

Year: 6

Strand: Significant Event

What Should I Already Know?

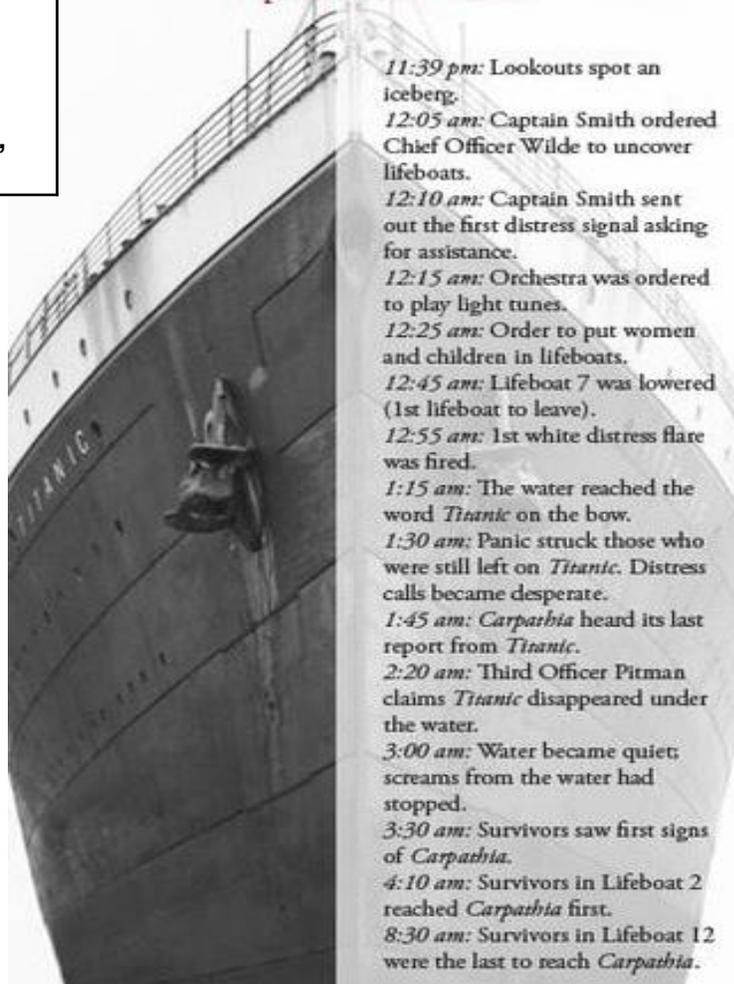
- That life has changed from the past
- People have changed the world and the way we think from their actions
- The difference between past and present and be able to talk about it and give examples
- That not all sources are reliable
- How to research a topic and use a timeline effectively
- Key facts about Neil Armstrong, The Duke of Wellington, The Iron Age and The Battle of Taunton

Important Facts

- The Titanic was the biggest ship that had ever been built.
- It was built between 1909 and 1911
- The Titanic had a crew of around 900 people
- The Titanic's engines were powered by pressurized steam from burning coal
- It was a luxury passenger liner that carried some of the world's richest people as well as others looking for a new life in North America
- The Titanic's intended course was from Southampton, England to New York City, USA.
- It left Southampton on April 10, 1912 and stopped at destinations in Ireland & France before heading west towards New York.
- It collided with an iceberg and sank on April 15, 1912
- While the Titanic carried over 2200 people, there were only enough life boats for around 1200 of them
- Over 1500 people died - The remains of the Titanic wreck sit on the sea bed over 12400 feet (3780 metres) beneath the surface

Timeline

The Sinking of the *Titanic* April 14th, 1912



11:39 pm: Lookouts spot an iceberg.
 12:05 am: Captain Smith ordered Chief Officer Wilde to uncover lifeboats.
 12:10 am: Captain Smith sent out the first distress signal asking for assistance.
 12:15 am: Orchestra was ordered to play light tunes.
 12:25 am: Order to put women and children in lifeboats.
 12:45 am: Lifeboat 7 was lowered (1st lifeboat to leave).
 12:55 am: 1st white distress flare was fired.
 1:15 am: The water reached the word *Titanic* on the bow.
 1:30 am: Panic struck those who were still left on *Titanic*. Distress calls became desperate.
 1:45 am: *Carpathia* heard its last report from *Titanic*.
 2:20 am: Third Officer Pitman claims *Titanic* disappeared under the water.
 3:00 am: Water became quiet; screams from the water had stopped.
 3:30 am: Survivors saw first signs of *Carpathia*.
 4:10 am: Survivors in Lifeboat 2 reached *Carpathia* first.
 8:30 am: Survivors in Lifeboat 12 were the last to reach *Carpathia*.

Historical Skills and Enquiry

Historical enquiry:

- Use a range of mediums to research evidence
- visit museums / galleries / sites of special interest
- Know that there is often not one, single answer to many historical questions
- Investigate own lines of enquiry by posing questions to answer

Historical Interpretation:

- Give reasons why there may be different accounts of history: Know that people both past & present, have a point of view and that this can affect interpretation

Organisation and Communication:

- Communicate ideas about from the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama role-play, storytelling and using ICT.
- Plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period

Vocabulary

collision	one object striking another
water tight	closely sealed so no water can get in
turbine	an engine that causes a bladed rotor to rotate
knots	The measure of how fast a ship is travelling
starboard	Right side of a ship
port	left side of a ship